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尼日利亚2016年版5奈拉 (收于2021年) 尼日利亚全称尼日利亚联邦共和国，位于西非东南部；人口数量：1.74亿 (2013年) ；国土面积：923768平方公里；首都：阿布贾；总统：穆罕默杜·布哈里。

尼日利亚是非洲古国。早在两千多年前就有了比较发达的文化。公元8世纪建立了帝国。1472年葡萄牙入侵。16世纪中叶英国入侵。1914年沦为英国殖民地。1947年英国批准尼日利亚新宪法，成立联邦政府。1954年尼日利亚联邦取得内部自治权。1960年10月1日宣布独立，成为英联邦成员国。1963年10月1日成立尼日利亚联邦共和国。独立后多次发生军事政变，长期由军人执政。

外交方面：主张各国相互尊重主权和领土完整，积极推动西非地区经济一体化进程并参与联合国和非洲地区组织的维和行动；将经济外交作为优先发展方向，重视同西方国家及新兴大国保持友好合作关系；是联合国、不结盟运动、77国集团、15国集团、非盟、西非国家经济共同体和石油输出国组织等成员国；与100多个国家建立了外交关系。1971年2月10日与中国建交。

经济方面：尼日利亚资源丰富，非洲第一大经济体；西非地区唯一产煤国；1970年以来，石油出口逐渐成为该国最主要的经济来源。宝石开采在高原州、卡杜纳州和包奇州兴盛了多年。实行小学免费教育。医疗卫生条件较差，缺医少药的问题比较严重。

奈拉为尼日利亚法定货币。此5奈拉货币为塑料钞，美观且防伪技术高，制造成本是纸币的两倍；正面印有发行年份、尼日利亚政治人物，北方人民大会党领导人，首任总理阿布巴卡尔·塔法瓦·巴勒瓦肖像。背面印有国徽、面额及非洲舞。非洲居民，不仅能歌，而且善舞。只要一听到鼓声或者乐曲声，他们便会扭动身子，情不自禁地跳起来。 Nigeria, the full name of the Federal Republic of Nigeria, is located in the southeast of West Africa; Population: 174million (2013); Land area: 923768 square kilometers; Capital: Abuja; President: mohamedou Buhari.

Nigeria is an ancient country in Africa. As early as 2000 years ago, there was a relatively developed culture. The Empire was established in the 8th

century A.D. Portugal invaded in 1472. Britain invaded in the mid-16th century. It became a British colony in 1914. In 1947, Britain approved the new constitution of Nigeria and established the federal government. In 1954, the Federation of Nigeria obtained internal autonomy. On October 1st, 1960, it declared its independence and became a member of the Commonwealth. The Federal Republic of Nigeria was established on October 1st, 1963. After independence, there were many military coups, and the military was in power for a long time.

Diplomacy: advocate that all countries respect each other's sovereignty and territorial integrity, actively promote the process of economic integration in West Africa, and participate in peacekeeping operations of the United Nations and African regional organizations; Regard economic diplomacy as the priority development direction and attach importance to maintaining friendly and cooperative relations with western countries and emerging powers; It is a member of the United Nations, the non aligned movement, the group of 77, the group of 15, the African Union, the economic community of West African States and the organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries; It has established diplomatic relations with more than 100 countries. It established diplomatic relations with China on February 10, 1971.

Economic aspect: Nigeria is rich in resources and the largest economy in Africa; The only coal producing country in West Africa; Since 1970, oil exports have gradually become the country's main economic source. Gem mining has flourished in plateau, Kaduna and Bauchi for many years. Primary school education is free. The medical and health conditions are poor, and the problem of lack of doctors and drugs is relatively serious.

Naira is the legal tender of Nigeria. This 5 naira currency is a plastic banknote, which is beautiful and has high anti-counterfeiting technology, and the manufacturing cost is twice that of paper banknotes; On the front is a portrait of Abubakar tafawa balawa, a Nigerian politician, leader of the northern people's Congress Party and the first prime minister, with the release year printed. The national emblem, denomination and African dance are printed on the back. African residents can not only sing, but also dance. As soon as they hear the sound of drums or music, they will wriggle and jump up uncontrollably.



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